## Exhibit A

### ORIGINAL

#### SUMMONS (CITACION JUDICIAL)

**BY FAX** 

FOR COURT USE ONLY (SOLO PARA USO DE LA CORTE)

SUM-100

NOTICE TO DEFENDANT: INTERSTATE HOTELS & RESORTS, INC., a (AVISO AL DEMANDADO): Delaware corporation; INTERSTATE MANAGEMENT COMPANY, LLC, a Delaware corporation; and DOES I through 50, inclusive,

YOU ARE BEING SUED BY PLAINTIFF: DINA RAE RICHARDSON (LO ESTÁ DEMANDANDO EL DEMANDANTE):

NOTICE! You have been sued. The court may decide against you without your being heard unless you respond within 30 days. Read the information below.

You have 30 CALENDAR DAYS after this summons and legal papers are served on you to file a written response at this court and have a copy served on the plaintiff. A letter or phone call will not protect you. Your written response must be in proper legal form If you want the court to hear your case. There may be a court form that you can use for your response. You can find these court forms and more information at the California Courts Conline Self-Help Center (www.courtinfo.ca.gov/selfhelp), your county law library, or the courthouse nearest you. If you cannot pay the filling fee, ask the court clerk for a fee welver form. If you do not file your response on time, you may lose the case by default, and your wages, money, and properly may be taken without further warning from the court.

There are other legal requirements. You may want to call an attorney right away. If you do not know an attorney, you may want to call an attorney referral services. If you cannot afford an attorney, you may be eligible for free legal services from a nonprofit legal services program. You can locate these nonprofit groups at the California Legal Services Web site (www.lawhelpcalifornia.org), the California Courts Online Self-Help Center (www.courtinfo.ca.gov/selfhelp), or by contacting your local court or county bar association. NOTE: The court has a statutory lien for walved fees and costs on any settlement or arbitration award of \$10,000 or more in a civil case. The court's lien must be paid before the court will diamiss the case. [AVISO! Lo han demandado. Si no responde dentro de 30 dias, la corte puede decidir en su contre sin escucher su versión. Lea la información a continuación.

Tiene 30 DÍAS DE CALENDARIO después de que le entreguen esta citación y papeles legales para presentar una respuesta por escrito en esta corte y hacer que se entregue una copia al demandante. Una carta o una llamada telefónica no lo protegen. Su respuesta por escrito tiene que estar en formato legal correcto si desea que procesen su caso en la corte. Es posible que haya un formulario que usted pueda usar para su respueste. Puede encontrar estos formularios de la corte y más información en el Centro de Ayuda de las Cortes de Celifornia (www.sucorte.ca.gov), en la biblioteca de leyes de su condado o en la corte que le quede más cerca. Si no puede pagar la cuota de presentación, pida al secretario de la corte que le dé un formulario de exención de pago de cuotas. Si no presenta su respuesta a tiempo, puede perder el caso por incumplimiento y la corte le podrá quitar su sueldo, dinero y bienes sin más advertencia.

Hay otros requisitos legales. Es recomendable que llame a un abogado inmediatamente. Si no conoce a un abogado, puede llamer a un servicio de remisión a abogados. Si no puede pagar a un abogado, es posible que cumpla con los requisitos para obtener servicios legales gratuitos de un programa de servicios legales sin fines de lucro. Puede encontrar estos grupos sin fines de lucro en el sitio web de California Legal Services, (www.lawhelpcalifornia org), en el Centro de Ayuda de las Cortes de California, (www.sucorte.ca.gov) o poniéndose en contacto con la corte o el colegio de abogados locales. AVISO: Por ley, la corte tiene derecho a reclamar las cuotas y los costos exentos por imponer un gravamen sobre cualquier recuperación de \$10,000 ó más de valor recibida mediante un acuerdo o una concesión de arbitraje en un caso de derecho civil. Tiene que pagar el gravamen de la corte antes de que la corte pueda desechar el caso.

	ntes de que la come pueda desechar el caso.	
The name and address of the (El nombre y dirección de la c		CASE NUMBER:
Superior Court of California,	County of San Francisco	16-554468
400 McAllister Street		00.7
San Francisco, California 94	02	
The name, address, and telep	hone number of plaintiff's attorney, or plaintiff withou	it an attorney, is:
Aston I Corres DO	úmero de teléfono del abogado del demandante, o d	del demandante que no tiene abogado, es):
Matern Law Group, PC	200 34 1 11 12 1 21 222	
DATE: CFD 23 701	200, Manhattan Beach, CA 90266	(310) 531-1900
DATE: SEP 23 231	CLERK OF THE COURSE (Secretario)	, Deputy
	CLERK OF THE COURT (Secretario) _ mmons, use Proof of Service of Symmons (form Po	(Agianto)
Para prueba de entrega de es	sta citatión use el formulario Proof of Service of Sum	MODE, (POS-010) VEGA VAVARRO, Rossaly
	NOTICE TO THE PERSON SERVED: You are se	apped Tools of the same
(SEAL)	as an individual defendant.	
OR COUNT OF CO	2. as the person sued under the fictitious of	arre of (specify):
12 Koren 108 101	3. on behalf of (specify):	
S S S S		
Sha A	under: CCP 416.10 (corporation)	CCP 416.60 (minor)
18/18/18/18/18/18/18/18/18/18/18/18/18/1	CCP 416.20 (defunct corporation	
The second second	CCP 416.40 (association or part	nership) CCP 416.90 (authorized person)
OF SAN FRAM	other (specify):	
	<ol> <li>by personal delivery on (date):</li> </ol>	

Page 1 of 1

INSTRUCTIONS ON HOW TO COMPLETE THE COVER SHEET

CM-010

To Plaintiffs and Others Filing First Papers. If you are filing a first paper (for example, a complaint) in a civil case, you must complete and file, along with your first paper, the Civil Case Cover Sheet contained on page 1. This information will be used to compile statistics about the types and numbers of cases filed. You must complete items 1 through 6 on the sheet. In item 1, you must check one box for the case type that best describes the case. If the case fits both a general and a more specific type of case listed in item 1, check the more specific one. If the case has multiple causes of action, check the box that best indicates the primary cause of action. To assist you in completing the sheet, examples of the cases that belong under each case type in item 1 are provided below. A cover sheet must be filed only with your initial paper. Fallure to file a cover sheet with the first paper filed in a civil case may subject a party, its counsel, or both to sanctions under rules 2.30 and 3.220 of the California Rules of Court.

To Parties in Rule 3.740 Collections Cases. A "collections case" under rule 3.740 is defined as an action for recovery of money owed in a sum stated to be certain that is not more than \$25,000, exclusive of interest and attorney's fees, arising from a transaction in which property, services, or money was acquired on credit. A collections case does not include an action seeking the following: (1) tort damages, (2) punitive damages, (3) recovery of real property, (4) recovery of personal property, or (5) a prejudgment writ of attachment. The identification of a case as a rule 3.740 collections case on this form means that it will be exempt from the general time-for-service requirements and case management rules, unless a defendant files a responsive pleading. A rule 3.740 collections case will be subject to the requirements for service and obtaining a judgment in rule 3.740.

To Parties in Complex Cases. In complex cases only, parties must also use the Civil Case Cover Sheet to designate whether the case is complex. If a plaintiff believes the case is complex under rule 3.400 of the California Rules of Court, this must be indicated by completing the appropriate boxes in items 1 and 2. If a plaintiff designates a case as complex, the cover sheet must be served with the complaint on all parties to the action. A defendant may file and serve no later than the time of its first appearance a joinder in the plaintiff's designation, a counter-designation that the case is not complex, or, if the plaintiff has made no designation, a designation that the case is complex.

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Auto Tort
    Auto (22)-Personal Injury/Property
        Damage/Wrongful Death
    Uninsured Motorist (46) (if the
        case involves an uninsured
        motorist claim subject to
        arbitration, check this item
        instead of Auto)
Other PI/PD/WD (Personal Injury/
Property Damage/Wrongful Death)
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Asbestos Property Damage Asbestos Personal Injury/ Wronglul Death
Product Liability (not asbestos or toxic/environmental) (24) Medical Malpractice (45)

Medical Malpractice-Physicians & Surgeons Other Professional Health Care Malpractice

Asbestos (04)

Other PI/PD/WD (23) Premises Liability (e.g., slip and fall)

Intentional Bodily Injury/PD/WD (e.g., assault, vandalism) Intentional Infliction of

**Emotional Distress** Negligent Infliction of Emotional Distress Other PI/PD/WD

Non-PI/PD/WD (Other) Tort

Business Tort/Untair Business Practice (07)

Civil Rights (e.g., discrimination, laise arrest) (not civil harassment) (08)

Defamation (e.g., slander, libel)

(13) Fraud (16)

Intellectual Property (19) Professional Negligence (25) Legal Malpractice

Other Professional Malpractice (not medical or legal) Other Non-PI/PD/WD Tort (35)

Employment

Wrongful Termination (36) Other Employment (15)

#### CASE TYPES AND EXAMPLES

#### Contract Breach of Contract/Warranty (06) Breach of Rental/Lease Contract (not unlawful detainer or wrongful eviction) Contract/Warranty Breach-Seller Plaintiff (not fraud or negligence) Negligent Breach of Contract/

Warranty Other Breach of Contract/Warranty Collections (e.g., money owed, open book accounts) (09)

Collection Case-Seller Plaintiff Other Promissory Nate/Collections

Case Insurance Coverage (not provisionally complex) (18)

**Auto Subrogation** Other Coverage

Other Contract (37) Contractual Fraud Other Contract Dispute

Real Property
Eminent Domain/Inverse

Condemnation (14) Wrongful Eviction (33)

Other Real Property (e.g., quiet title) (26) Wnt of Possession of Real Property

Morlgage Foredosure Quiet Title

Other Real Property (not eminent domain, landlord/tenant, or toreclosure)

Unlawful Detainer

Commercial (31) Residential (32)

Drugs (38) (if the case involves illegal drugs, check this item; otherwise,

report as Commercial or Residential)

Judicial Review

Asset Forfeiture (05) Petition Re: Arbitration Award (11)

Writ of Mandate (02) Writ-Administrative Mandanus Writ-Mandamus on Limited Court

Case Matter Writ-Other Limited Court Case

Review Other Judicial Review (39) Review of Health Officer Order

Notice of Appeal-Labor Commissioner Appeals Provisionally Complex Civil Litigation (Cal. Rules of Court Rules 3.400–3.403)

Antitrust/Trade Regulation (03) Construction Defect (10) Claims Involving Mass Tort (40) Securities Litigation (28) Environmental/Toxic Tort (30) Insurance Coverage Claims

(arising from provisionally complex

case type listed above) (41) Enforcement of Judgment Enforcement of Judgment (20) Abstract of Judgment (Out of

County) Confession of Judgment (nondomestic relations) Sister State Judgment Administrative Agency Award (not unpaid taxes)

Petition/Certification of Entry of Judgment on Unpaid Taxes Other Enforcement of Judgment

Miscellaneous Civil Complaint

RICO (27)
Other Complaint (not specified above) (42) Declaratory Relief Only Injunctive Relief Only (non-

harassment) Mechanics Lien

Other Commercial Complaint Case (non-tort/non-complex)
Other Civil Complaint

(non-tort/non-complex)

Miscellaneous Civil Petition Partnership and Corporate Governance (21)

Other Petition (not specified above) (43) Civil Harassment

Workplace Violence Elder/Dependent Adult Abuse

**Election Contest** Petition for Name Change Petition for Relief From Late Claim

Other Civil Petition

### **OR** GINAL

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1 2 3 4 5 6 7	MATERN LAW GROUP, PC MATTHEW J. MATERN (SBN 159798) LAUNA ADOLPH (SBN 227743) DEANNA S. LEIFER (SBN 265840) 1230 Rosecrans Avenue, Suite 200 Manhattan Beach, CA 90266 Tel: (310) 531-1900 Facsimile: (310) 531-1901  Attorneys for Plaintiff Dina Rae Richardson, individually and on behalf of all others similarly situated	SEP 2 3 2016  CLERK OF THE COURT  BY:  Deputy Clerk				
8	SUPERIOR COURT OF T	HE STATE OF CALIFORNIA				
9	COUNTY OF S	SAN FRANCISCO				
10						
11	DINA RAE RICHARDSON, individually and	CASE NGC 16-554468				
12	on behalf of all others similarly situated,	CLASS ACTION				
13	Plaintiff,	COMPLAINT;				
14 15 16 17 18	INTERSTATE HOTELS & RESORTS, INC., a Delaware corporation; INTERSTATE MANAGEMENT COMPANY, LLC, a Delaware corporation; and DOES 1 through 50, inclusive,  Defendants.	<ol> <li>Failure to Provide Meal Periods</li> <li>Failure to Authorize and Permit Rest         <ul> <li>Periods</li> </ul> </li> <li>Failure to Pay Minimum Wages</li> <li>Failure to Pay Overtime Wages</li> <li>Failure to Pay All Wages Due to         <ul> <li>Discharged and Quitting Employees</li> </ul> </li> <li>Failure to Furnish Accurate Itemized         <ul> <li>Wage Statements</li> </ul> </li> <li>Failure to Indemnify Employees for</li> </ol>				
20		Necessary Expenditures Incurred in Discharge of Duties 8. Unfair and Unlawful Business Practices				
21						
22		DEMAND FOR JURY TRIAL				
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PLAINTIFF DINA RAE RICHARDSON ("PLAINTIFF"), individually and on behalf of all others similarly situated, hereby alleges as follows:

#### INTRODUCTION

1. PLAINTIFF brings this action on behalf of herself and all other similarly-situated current and former non-exempt employees of defendants INTERSTATE HOTELS & RESORTS, INC. ("INTERSTATE HOTELS"); INTERSTATE MANAGEMENT COMPANY, LLC ("INTERSTATE MANAGEMENT"); and DOES 1 through 50 inclusive (collectively, "DEFENDANTS") who worked at a Sheraton hotel in the State of California during the relevant statutory period to recover, among other things, unpaid compensation arising from DEFENDANTS' failure to provide employees meal and rest periods (or compensation therefor) as required under California law, unpaid overtime compensation, unpaid minimum wage, and unreimbursed business expenses. PLAINTIFF also seeks penalties, interest, attorneys' fees, costs and expenses, and equitable, restitutionary and injunctive relief.

#### JURISDICTION AND VENUE

- 2. The Superior Court of the State of California has jurisdiction in this matter because PLAINTIFF is a resident of the State of California, and DEFENDANTS are qualified to do business in California and regularly conduct business in California. Further, no federal question is at issue because the claims are based solely on California law.
- 3. Venue is proper in this judicial district and the County of San Francisco, California because PLAINTIFF, and other persons similarly situated, performed work for DEFENDANTS in the County of San Francisco, DEFENDANTS maintain offices and facilities and transact business in the County of San Francisco, and DEFENDANTS' illegal policies and practices which are the subject of this action were applied, at least in part, to PLAINTIFF and other persons similarly situated in the County of San Francisco.

#### THE PARTIES

4. PLAINTIFF is a resident of the State of California and a former employee of DEFENDANTS.

- 5. PLAINTIFF brings this action on behalf of herself and the following similarly situated class of individuals ("CLASS MEMBERS"): all current and former non-exempt employees of DEFENDANTS who worked at a Sheraton hotel in the State of California at any time within the period beginning four (4) years prior to the filing of this action and ending at the time this action settles or proceeds to final judgment (the "CLASS PERIOD"). PLAINTIFF reserves the right to name additional class representatives.
- 6. PLAINTIFF is informed and believes, and thereon alleges, that INTERSTATE HOTELS is, and at all times relevant hereto was, a corporation organized and existing under the laws of the State of Delaware. PLAINTIFF is further informed and believes, and thereon alleges, that INTERSTATE HOTELS is authorized to conduct business in the State of California, and does conduct business in the State of California. Specifically, INTERSTATE HOTELS maintains offices and facilities, conducts business, and engages in illegal practices in the County of San Francisco.
- 7. PLAINTIFF is informed and believes, and thereon alleges, that INTERSTATE MANAGEMENT is, and at all times relevant hereto was, a corporation organized and existing under the laws of the State of Delaware. PLAINTIFF is further informed and believes, and thereon alleges, that INTERSTATE MANAGEMENT is authorized to conduct business in the State of California, and does conduct business in the State of California. Specifically, INTERSTATE MANAGEMENT maintains offices and facilities, conducts business, and engages in illegal practices in the County of San Francisco.
- 8. The true names and capacities of DOES 1 through 50, inclusive, are unknown to PLAINTIFF at this time, and PLAINTIFF therefore sues such DOE defendants under fictitious names. PLAINTIFF is informed and believes, and thereon alleges, that each defendant designated as a DOE is in some manner highly responsible for the occurrences alleged herein, and that PLAINTIFF and CLASS MEMBERS' injuries and damages, as alleged herein, were proximately caused by the conduct of such DOE defendants. PLAINTIFF will seek leave of the Court to amend this Complaint to allege their true names and capacities of such DOE defendants when ascertained.

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- At all relevant times herein, DEFENDANTS were the joint employers of 9. PLAINTIFF and CLASS MEMBERS. PLAINTIFF is informed and believes, and thereon alleges, that at all times material to this complaint DEFENDANTS were the alter egos, divisions, affiliates, integrated enterprises, joint employers, subsidiaries, parents, principals, related entities, co-conspirators, authorized agents, partners, joint venturers, and/or guarantors, actual or ostensible, of each other. Each defendant was completely dominated by his, her or its codefendant, and each was the alter ego of the other.
- At all relevant times herein, PLAINTIFF and CLASS MEMBERS were employed 10. by DEFENDANTS under employment agreements that were partly written, partly oral, and partly implied. In perpetrating the acts and omissions alleged herein, DEFENDANTS, and each of them, acted pursuant to, and in furtherance of, their policies and practices of not paying PLAINTIFF and CLASS MEMBERS all wages earned and due, through methods and schemes which include, but are not limited to, failing to pay overtime premiums; failing to provide rest and meal periods; failing to provide accurate itemized statements for each pay period; failing to properly compensate PLAINTIFF and CLASS MEMBERS for necessary expenditures; and requiring, suffering or permitting employees to work off the clock, in violation of the California Labor Code and the applicable Industrial Welfare Commission ("IWC") Wage Order.
- PLAINTIFF is informed and believes, and thereon alleges, that each and every one 11. of the acts and omissions alleged herein were performed by, and/or attributable to, all DEFENDANTS, each acting as agents and/or employees and/or under the direction and control of each of the other defendants, and that said acts and failures to act were within the course and scope of said agency, employment and/or direction and control.
- As a direct and proximate result of DEFENDANTS' unlawful actions, 12. PLAINTIFF and CLASS MEMBERS have suffered, and continue to suffer, from loss of earnings in amounts as yet unascertained, but subject to proof at trial, and within the jurisdiction of this Court.

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1	CLASS ACTION ALLEGATIONS					
2	13. This action is appropriately suited for a class action because:					
3	a. The potential class is of a significant number. Joinder of all current and					
4	former employees individually would be impracticable.					
5	b. This action involves common questions of law and fact because the action					
6	focuses on DEFENDANTS' systematic course of illegal conduct, which is applied to all non-					
7	exempt employees in violation of the Labor Code, the applicable IWC Wage Order, and the					
8	Business and Professions Code which prohibits unfair business practices arising from such					
9	violations.					
10	c. PLAINTIFF's claims are typical of the claims of the class because					
11	DEFENDANTS subjected all non-exempt employees to the same violations of the Labor Code,					
12	the applicable IWC Wage Order, and the Business and Professions Code.					
13	d. PLAINTIFF will fairly and adequately protect the interests of all CLASS					
14	MEMBERS.					
15	FIRST CAUSE OF ACTION					
16	Failure to Provide Meal Periods					
17	[Cal. Labor Code §§ 226.7, 512; IWC Wage Order No. 5-2001 § 11]					
18	(Against all DEFENDANTS)					
19	14. PLAINTIFF incorporates herein by specific reference, as though fully set forth, the					
20	allegations in paragraphs 1 through 13.					
21	15. During the CLASS PERIOD, DEFENDANTS had, and continue to have, a policy					
22	and practice of failing to provide PLAINTIFF and CLASS MEMBERS full and timely meal					
23	periods as required by California Labor Code §§ 226.7 and 512 and IWC Wage Order No. 5-2001					
24	§ 11.					
25	16. As a result of DEFENDANTS' policies and practices as alleged herein,					
26	PLAINTIFF and CLASS MEMBERS regularly have been denied, and continue to be denied, the					
27	opportunity to take full, uninterrupted, and timely meal periods as required under California					
28	Labor Code §§ 226.7 and 512 and IWC Wage Order No. 5-2001 § 11.					

17. DEFENDANTS violated, and continue to violate, California Labor Code § 226.7
and IWC Wage Order No. 5-2001 § 11 by failing to compensate PLAINTIFF and CLASS
MEMBERS who were not provided a meal period, in accordance with the applicable Wage
Order, one additional hour of compensation at each employee's regular rate of pay for each
workday that a meal period was not provided.

18. As a direct and proximate result of the aforementioned violations, PLAINTIFF and CLASS MEMBERS have sustained economic damages, including but not limited to unpaid wages and lost interest, in an amount according to proof at trial, and are entitled to recover economic and statutory damages and penalties and other appropriate relief due to DEFENDANTS' violation of the California Labor Code and IWC Wage Order No. 5-2001.

#### SECOND CAUSE OF ACTION

#### Failure to Authorize and Permit Rest Periods

#### [Cal. Labor Code § 226.7; IWC Wage Order No. 5-2001 § 12]

#### (Against all DEFENDANTS)

- 19. PLAINTIFF incorporates herein by specific reference, as though fully set forth, the allegations in paragraphs 1 through 18.
- 20. During the CLASS PERIOD, DEFENDANTS had, and continue to have, a policy and practice of failing to authorize and permit PLAINTIFF and CLASS MEMBERS to take rest breaks as required by California Labor Code § 226.7 and IWC Wage Order No. 5-2001 § 12. As a result of DEFENDANTS' policies and practices as alleged herein, PLAINTIFF and CLASS MEMBERS regularly have been denied, and continue to be denied, the opportunity to take full, uninterrupted, and timely rest periods as required under California Labor Code § 226.7 and IWC Wage Order No. 5-2001 § 12.
- 21. DEFENDANTS violated, and continue to violate, California Labor Code § 226.7 and IWC Wage Order No. 5-2001 § 12 by failing to pay PLAINTIFF and CLASS MEMBERS who were not provided a rest period, in accordance with the applicable Wage Order, one additional hour of compensation at each employee's regular rate of pay for each workday that a rest period was not provided.

22. As a direct and proximate result of the aforementioned violations, PLAINTIFF and CLASS MEMBERS have sustained economic damages, including but not limited to unpaid wages and lost interest, in an amount according to proof at trial, and are entitled to recover economic and statutory damages and penalties and other appropriate relief due to DEFENDANTS' violation of the California Labor Code and IWC Wage Order No. 5-2001.

#### THIRD CAUSE OF ACTION

#### Failure to Pay Minimum Wages

#### [Cal Labor Code §§ 1194, 1197; IWC Wage Order No. 5-2001 § 4]

#### (Against all DEFENDANTS)

- 23. PLAINTIFF incorporates herein by specific reference, as though fully set forth, the allegations in paragraphs 1 through 22.
- 24. Pursuant to California Labor Code §§ 1194 and 1197 and IWC Wage Order No. 5-2001 § 4, payment to an employee of less than the applicable minimum wage for all hours worked in a payroll period is unlawful.
- During the CLASS PERIOD, DEFENDANTS failed to pay, and continue to fail to pay, PLAINTIFF and CLASS MEMBERS minimum wages for all hours worked by, among other things: requiring, suffering, or permitting PLAINTIFF and CLASS MEMBERS to work off-the-clock; requiring, suffering, or permitting PLAINTIFF and CLASS MEMBERS to work through meal breaks; illegally and inaccurately recording time worked by PLAINTIFF and CLASS MEMBERS; failing to provide accurate itemized wage statements to PLAINTIFF and CLASS MEMBERS for each pay period; and other methods to be discovered.
- 26. DEFENDANTS' conduct described herein violates, and continue to violate, California Labor Code §§ 1194 and 1197 and IWC Wage Order No. 5-2001 § 4. As a proximate result of the aforementioned violations, PLAINTIFF and CLASS MEMBERS have been damaged in an amount according to proof at trial. Therefore, pursuant to California Labor Code §§ 200, 203, 226, 558, 1194 and 1197.1 and other applicable provisions under the Labor Code and IWC Wage Order, PLAINTIFF and CLASS MEMBERS are entitled to recover the unpaid

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balance of wages owed to them by DEFENDANTS, plus interest, penalties, attorneys' fees, expenses, and costs of suit.

#### FOURTH CAUSE OF ACTION

#### Failure to Pay Overtime Wages

[Cal. Labor Code §§ 510, 1194, 1198; IWC Wage Order No. 5-2001 § 3]

#### (Against all DEFENDANTS)

- PLAINTIFF incorporates herein by specific reference, as though fully set forth, the 27. allegations in paragraphs 1 through 26.
- 28. Pursuant to California Labor Code §§ 510 and 1194 and IWC Wage Order No. 5-2001 § 3, DEFENDANTS are required to compensate PLAINTIFF and CLASS MEMBERS for all overtime at a rate of one and one-half (1 ½) times the regular rate of pay for all hours worked in excess of eight (8) hours per day and/or forty (40) hours per week, and for the first eight (8) hours on the seventh consecutive workday and at a rate of twice the regular rate of pay for all hours worked in excess of twelve (12) hours in any workday and for all hours worked in excess of eight (8) hours on the seventh consecutive day of work in any workweek.
- PLAINTIFF and CLASS MEMBERS are current and former non-exempt employees entitled to the protections of California Labor Code §§ 510 and 1194 and IWC Wage Order No. 5-2001. During the CLASS PERIOD, DEFENDANTS failed to compensate, and continue to fail to compensate, PLAINTIFF and CLASS MEMBERS for all overtime hours worked as required under the foregoing provisions of the California Labor Code and IWC Wage Order by, among other things: failing to pay overtime at one and one-half (1 1/2) times or double the regular rate of pay as provided by California Labor Code §§ 510 and 1194 and IWC Wage Order No. 5-2001 § 3; requiring, suffering or permitting PLAINTIFF and CLASS MEMBERS to work off-the-clock; requiring, suffering or permitting PLAINTIFF and CLASS MEMBERS to work through meal breaks; illegally and inaccurately recording time worked by PLAINTIFF and CLASS MEMBERS; failing to provide accurate itemized wage statements to PLAINTIFF and CLASS MEMBERS for each pay period; and other methods to be discovered.

- 30. In violation of California law, DEFENDANTS knowingly and willfully refused, and continue to refuse, to perform their obligations to compensate PLAINTIFF and CLASS MEMBERS for all wages earned and all hours worked. As a direct and proximate result, PLAINTIFF and CLASS MEMBERS have suffered, and continue to suffer, substantial losses related to the use and enjoyment of such wages, lost interest on such wages, and expenses and attorneys' fees in seeking to compel DEFENDANTS to fully perform their obligations under state law, resulting in damages in amounts according to proof at time of trial and within the jurisdiction of this Court.
- 31. DEFENDANTS' conduct described herein violated, and continues to violate, California Labor Code §§ 510, 1194 and 1198 and IWC Wage Order No. 5-2001 § 3. Therefore, pursuant to California Labor Code §§ 200, 203, 226, 558, 1194 and 1197.1 and other applicable provisions under the California Labor Code and IWC Wage Order, PLAINTIFF and CLASS MEMBERS are entitled to recover the unpaid balance of wages owed to them by DEFENDANTS, plus interest, penalties, attorneys' fees, expenses, and costs of suit.

#### FIFTH CAUSE OF ACTION

# Failure to Pay All Wages Due to Discharged and Quitting Employees [Cal. Labor Code §§ 201, 202, 203] (Against all DEFENDANTS)

- 32. PLAINTIFF incorporates herein by specific reference, as though fully set forth, the allegations in paragraphs 1 through 31.
- 33. Pursuant to California Labor Code § 201, 202, and 203, DEFENDANTS are required to pay all earned and unpaid wages to discharged and quitting employees.
- 34. California Labor Code § 201 mandates that if an employer discharges an employee, the employee's wages accrued and unpaid at the time of discharge are due and payable immediately. Pursuant to California Labor Code § 202, DEFENDANTS are required to pay all accrued wages due to an employee no later than 72 hours after the employee quits his or her employment, unless the employee provided 72 hours previous notice of his or her intention to quit, in which case the employee is entitled to his or wages at the time of quitting.

- 35. California Labor Code § 203 provides that if an employer willfully fails to pay, in accordance with California Labor Code §§ 201 and 202, any wages of an employee who is discharged or who quits, the employer is liable for waiting time penalties in the form of continued compensation to the employee at the same rate for up to 30 workdays.
- 36. During the CLASS PERIOD, DEFENDANTS have willfully failed to pay, and continue to willfully fail to pay, accrued wages and other compensation to PLAINTIFF and CLASS MEMBERS in accordance with California Labor Code §§ 201 and 202.
- 37. As a result, PLAINTIFF and CLASS MEMBERS are entitled to all available statutory penalties, including the waiting time penalties provided in California Labor Code § 203, together with interest thereon, as well as other available remedies.

#### SIXTH CAUSE OF ACTION

## Failure to Furnish Accurate Itemized Wage Statements [Cal. Labor Code §§ 226, 1174; IWC Wage Order No. 5-2001 § 7] (Against all DEFENDANTS)

- 38. PLAINTIFF incorporates herein by specific reference, as though fully set forth, the allegations in paragraphs 1 through 37.
- 39. During the CLASS PERIOD, DEFENDANTS routinely failed to provide, and continue to fail to provide, PLAINTIFF and CLASS MEMBERS with timely and accurate itemized wage statements in writing showing each employee's gross wages earned, total hours worked, all deductions made, net wages earned, the name and address of the legal entity or entities employing PLAINTIFF and CLASS MEMBERS, and all applicable hourly rates in effect during each pay period and the corresponding number of hours worked at each hourly rate, in violation of California Labor Code § 226 and IWC Wage Order No. 5-2001 § 7.
- 40. During the CLASS PERIOD, PLAINTIFF and CLASS MEMBERS suffered injury, and continue to suffer injury, as a result of DEFENDANTS' failure to provide timely and accurate itemized wage statements, as PLAINTIFF and CLASS MEMBERS could not promptly and easily determine from the wage statement alone one or more of the following: the gross wages earned, the total hours worked, all deductions made, the net wages earned, the name and

address of the legal entity or entities employing PLAINTIFF and CLASS MEMBERS, and/or all applicable hourly rates in effect during each pay period and the corresponding number of hours worked at each hourly rate.

41. As a direct and proximate result of DEFENDANTS' unlawful actions and omissions, PLAINTIFF and CLASS MEMBERS have suffered actual damages in an amount according to proof at trial, and seek all wages earned and due, plus interest thereon. Additionally, PLAINTIFF and CLASS MEMBERS are entitled to an award of costs, expenses, and reasonable attorneys' fees, including but not limited to those provided in California Labor Code § 226(e), as well as other available remedies.

#### SEVENTH CAUSE OF ACTION

## Failure to Indemnify Employees for Necessary Expenditures Incurred in Discharge of Duties

#### [Cal. Labor Code § 2802]

#### (Against all DEFENDANTS)

- 42. PLAINTIFF incorporates herein by specific reference, as though fully set forth, the allegations in paragraphs 1 through 41.
- 43. California Labor Code § 2802(a) requires an employer to indemnify an employee for all necessary expenditures or losses incurred by the employee in direct consequence of the discharge of her his or her duties, or of his or her obedience to the directions of the employer.
- 44. During the CLASS PERIOD, DEFENDANTS failed to indemnify, and continue to fail to indemnify, PLAINTIFF and CLASS MEMBERS for all business expenses and/or losses incurred in direct consequence of the discharge of their duties while working under the direction of DEFENDANTS in violation of California Labor Code § 2802.
- . 45. As a proximate result of DEFENDANTS' unlawful actions and omissions, PLAINTIFF and CLASS MEMBERS have been damaged in an amount according to proof at trial, and seek reimbursement of all necessary expenditures, plus interest thereon pursuant to California Labor Code § 2802(b). Additionally, PLAINTIFF and CLASS MEMBERS are entitled to all available statutory penalties and an award of costs, expenses, and reasonable

attorneys' fees, including those provided in California Labor Code § 2802(c), as well as other available remedies.

#### EIGHTH CAUSE OF ACTION

## Unfair and Unlawful Business Practices [Cal. Bus. & Prof. Code § 17200, et seq.]

#### (Against all DEFENDANTS)

- 46. PLAINTIFF incorporates herein by specific reference, as though fully set forth, the allegations in paragraphs 1 through 45.
- 47. Each and every one of DEFENDANTS' acts and omissions in violation of the California Labor Code and/or the applicable IWC Wage Order as alleged herein, including but not limited to DEFENDANTS' failure to provide required meal periods, DEFENDANTS' failure to authorize and permit rest periods, DEFENDANTS' failure to pay overtime compensation, DEFENDANTS' failure to pay minimum wages, DEFENDANTS' failure to pay all wages due to discharged and quitting employees, DEFENDANTS' failure to furnish accurate itemized wage statements; DEFENDANTS' failure and refusal to maintain required records, and DEFENDANTS' failure to indemnify PLAINTIFF and CLASS MEMBERS for necessary expenditures and/or losses incurred in discharging their duties, constitute unfair and unlawful business practices under California Business and Professions Code § 17200, et seq.
- 48. DEFENDANTS' violations of California wage and hour laws constitute a business practice because DEFENDANTS' aforementioned acts and omissions were done repeatedly over a significant period of time, and in a systematic manner, to the detriment of PLAINTIFF and CLASS MEMBERS.
- 49. DEFENDANTS have avoided payment of minimum wages, overtime wages, meal period premiums, rest break premiums, and other benefits as required by the California Labor Code, the California Code of Regulations, and the applicable IWC Wage Order. Further, DEFENDANTS have failed to record, report, and pay the correct sums of assessment to the state authorities under the California Labor Code and other applicable regulations.

	50.	As	a r	esult	of I	DEFENI	DAN'	TS'	unfair	and	unlawful	busine	ss p	ractices
DEFE	NDAN	VTS ha	ve re	eaped	unfair	and ille	egal p	rofi	ts during	g the (	CLASS PE	RIOD a	t the	expense
of PL	AINTI	FF, C	LAS	S ME	MBE	RS, and	l mer	nbei	rs of the	publ	ic. DEFE	NDANI	TS sl	nould be
made	to dis	sgorge	the	ir ill-	gotten	gains	and	to	restore	them	to PLAI	NTIFF	and	CLASS
MEM	BERS.													

51. DEFENDANTS' unfair and unlawful business practices entitle PLAINTIFF and CLASS MEMBERS to seek preliminary and permanent injunctive relief, including but not limited to an order that DEFENDANTS account for, disgorge, and restore to PLAINTIFF and CLASS MEMBERS the wages and other compensation unlawfully withheld from them. PLAINTIFF and CLASS MEMBERS are entitled to restitution of all monies to be disgorged from DEFENDANTS in an amount according to proof at the time of trial, but within the jurisdiction of this Court.

#### PRAYER FOR RELIEF

WHEREFORE, PLAINTIFF, individually and on behalf of all other persons similarly situated, respectfully prays for relief against DEFENDANTS, and each of them, as follows:

- 1. For compensatory damages in an amount to be ascertained at trial;
- 2. For restitution of all monies due to PLAINTIFF and CLASS MEMBERS, as well as disgorged profits from DEFENDANTS' unfair and unlawful business practices;
- 3. For meal and rest period compensation pursuant to California Labor Code § 226.7 and IWC Wage Order No. 5-2001;
  - 4. For liquidated damages pursuant to California Labor Code §§ 1194.2 and 1197.1;
- 5. For preliminary and permanent injunctive relief enjoining DEFENDANTS from violating the relevant provisions of the California Labor Code and the IWC Wage Orders and from engaging in the unlawful business practices complained of herein;
  - 6. For waiting time penalties pursuant to California Labor Code § 203;
- 7. For interest on the unpaid wages at 10% per annum pursuant to California Labor Code §§ 218.6, 1194, and 2802, California Civil Code §§ 3287 and 3288, and/or any other applicable provision providing for pre-judgment interest;

1	8.	For reasonable at	ttomeys'	fees and costs pursuant to California Labor Code		
2	§§ 1194 and 2802, California Civil Code § 1021.5, and any other applicable provisions providing					
3	for attorneys' fees and costs;					
4	9.	For declaratory relief;				
5	10.	For an order certify	ying this	Action as a class action;		
6	11.	For an order appo	ointing F	PLAINTIFF as class representative and PLAINTIFF's		
7	counsel as cl	ass counsel; and				
8	12.	For such further rel	lief that t	the Court may deem just and proper.		
9						
10	DATED: Sep	otember <u>ZI</u> , 2016		Respectfully submitted,		
11				MATERN LAW GROUP, PC		
12				TAIDICH		
13	*:		By:	//W///////		
14				MATTHEW L MATERN LAUNA ADOLPH		
15				DEANNA S. LEIFER Attorneys for Plaintiff DINA RAE RICHARDSON,		
16				individually and on behalf of all others similarly situated		
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JP, PC				CLASS ACTION CONTRACTOR		

No. 0003							
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1 2		DEMAND FOR JURY TRIAL  PLAINTIFF individually and on behalf of all others similarly situated beauty at					
3	trial by jury on all issues so triable.	PLAINTIFF, individually and on behalf of all others similarly situated, hereby demands a					
	that by jury on an issues so madic.						
4 5	DATED: September _ZI, 2016	Respectfully submitted,					
6		MATERN LAW GROUP, PC					
7		A STATE OF THE STA					
8	Ву:	/VIII/M					
9		MATTHEW J. MATERN LAUNA ADOLPH					
10		DEANNA S. LEIFER Attorneys for Plaintiff DINA RAE RICHARDSON, individually and on behalf of all others similarly					
11		individually and on behalf of all others similarly situated					
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ATTORNEY OR PARTY WITHOUT ATTORNEY (Name, State Bard Matthew J. Matern Matern Law Group, PC 1230 Rosecrans Avenue, Suite 200, Manhatta TELEPHONE NO.: (310) 531-1900 ATTORNEY FOR (Name): Dina Rae Richardson SUPERIOR COURT OF CALIFORNIA, COUNTY OF SAN STREET ADDRESS: 400 McAllister Street MAILING ADDRESS: 400 McAllister Street	SBN: 159798 an Beach, CA 90266 FAX.NO.:(310) 531-1901 FRANCISCO	Sen Francisco County Superior Court SEP 232016 CLERK OF THE COURT
CITY AND ZIP CODE: San Francisco, 94102  BRANCH NAME: Civic Center Courthouse  CASE NAME:		Deputy Clark
CIVIL CASE COVER SHEET  X Unlimited Limited (Amount (Amount demanded demanded ls exceeds \$25,000) \$25,000 or less)	Complex Case Designation  Counter Joinder  Filed with first appearance by defe (Cal. Rules of Court, rule 3.40)	CGC 160 DUDGE 5554468
Items 1–6 beld	ow must be completed (see instruction.	s on page 2).
1. Check one box below for the case type that Auto Tort Auto (22) Uninsured motorist (46) Other PI/PD/WD (Personal Injury/Property Damage/Wrongful Death) Tort Asbestos (04) Product liability (24) Medical malpractice (45) Other PI/PD/WD (23) Non-PI/PD/WD (Other) Tort	best describes this case:  Contract  Breach of contract/warranty (06)  Rule 3.740 collections (09)  Other collections (09)  Insurance coverage (18)  Other contract (37)  Real Property  Eminent domain/inverse condemnation (14)  Wrongful eviction (33)	Provisionally Complex Civil Litigation (Cal. Rules of Court, rules 3.400–3.403)  Antitrust/Trade regulation (03)  Construction defect (10)  Mass tort (40)  Securities litigation (28)  Environmental/Toxic tort (30)  Insurance coverage claims arising from the above listed provisionally complex case types (41)
Business tort/untair business practice (07) Civil rights (08) Defamation (13) Fraud (16) Intellectual property (19) Professional negligence (25) Other non-PI/PD/WD fort (35) Employment Wronglul termination (36) X Other employment (15)	Other real property (26)  Unlawful Detainer Commercial (31) Residential (32) Drugs (38) Judicial Review Asset forteiture (05) Petition re: arbitration award (11) Writ of mandate (02)	Enforcement of Judgment  Enforcement of judgment (20)  Miscellaneous Civil Complaint  RICO (27)  Other complaint (not specified above) (42)  Miscellaneous Civil Petition  Partnership and corporate governance (21)  Other petition (not specified above) (43)
The state of the s	ented parties d. Large number lifticult or novel e. Coordination to resolve in other cour sevidence f. Substantial p	lules of Court. If the case is complex, mark the er of witnesses with related actions pending in one or more courts nates, states, or countries, or in a federal court postjudgment judicial supervision
1. Number of causes of action (specify):	action suit.	declaratory or injunctive relief c. punitive
Oate: September 21, 2016  Matthew J. Matern  (TYPE OR PRINT NAME)		SIGNATURE DE PARTY OR ATTORNEY FOR PARTY)
<ul> <li>File this cover sheet in addition to any cover</li> <li>If this case is complex under rule 3.400 et se</li> </ul>	NOTICE st paper flied in the action or proceeding effare and institutions Code). (Cal. Ru sheet required by local court rule, eq. of the California Rules of Court, you	ng (except small claims cases or cases filed les of Court, rule 3.220.) Failure to file may result

#### INSTRUCTIONS ON HOW TO COMPLETE THE COVER SHEET

To Plaintiffs and Others Filing First Papers. If you are filing a first paper (for example, a complaint) in a civil case, you must complete and file, along with your first paper, the Civil Case Cover Sheet contained on page 1. This information will be used to compile statistics about the types and numbers of cases filed. You must complete items 1 through 6 on the sheet. In item 1, you must check one box for the case type that best describes the case. If the case fits both a general and a more specific type of case listed in item 1, check the more specific one. If the case has multiple causes of action, check the box that best indicates the primary cause of action. To assist you in completing the sheet, examples of the cases that belong under each case type in item 1 are provided below. A cover sheet must be filed only with your initial paper. Failure to file a cover sheet with the first paper filed in a civil case may subject a party, its counsel, or both to sanctions under rules 2.30 and 3.220 of the California Rules of Court.

To Parties in Rule 3.740 Collections Cases. A "collections case" under rule 3.740 is defined as an action for recovery of money owed in a sum stated to be certain that is not more than \$25,000, exclusive of interest and attorney's fees, arising from a transaction in which property, services, or money was acquired on credit. A collections case does not include an action seeking the following: (1) tort damages, (2) punitive damages, (3) recovery of real property, (4) recovery of personal property, or (5) a prejudgment writ of attachment. The identification of a case as a rule 3.740 collections case on this form means that it will be exempt from the general time-for-service requirements and case management rules, unless a defendant files a responsive pleading. A rule 3.740 collections case will be subject to the requirements for service and obtaining a judgment in rule 3.740.

To Parties in Complex Cases. In complex cases only, parties must also use the Civil Case Cover Sheet to designate whether the case is complex. If a plaintiff believes the case is complex under rule 3.400 of the California Rules of Court, this must be indicated by completing the appropriate boxes in items 1 and 2. If a plaintiff designates a case as complex, the cover sheet must be served with the complaint on all parties to the action. A defendant may file and serve no later than the time of its first appearance a joinder in the plaintiffs designation, a counter-designation that the case is not complex, or, if the plaintiff has made no designation, a designation that the case is complex.

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Auto (22)-Personal Injury/Property
    Damage/Wrongful Death
Uninsured Motorist (46) (if the
    case involves an uninsured
    motorist claim subject to
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arbitration, check this item instead of Autol

Other PI/PD/WD (Personal Injury/ Property Damage/Wrongful Death)

Asbestos (04)

**Auto Tort** 

Asbestos Property Damage Asbestos Personal Injury/ Wrongful Death
Product Liability (not asbestos or

toxic/environmental) (24) Medical Malpractice (45)

Medical Malpractice-

Physicians & Surgeons Other Professional Health Care

Malpractice Other PI/PD/WD (23)

Premises Liability (e.g., slip

and fall)

Intentional Bodily Injury/PD/WD (e.g., assault, vandalism)
Intentional Infliction of

Emotional Distress Negligent Infliction of

Emotional Distress Other PI/PD/WD

Non-PI/PD/WD (Other) Tort

Business Tort/Unfair Business Practice (07)

Civil Rights (e.g., discrimination, false arrest) (not civil harassment) (08)

Defamation (e.g., slander, libel) (13)

Fraud (16)

Intellectual Property (19) Professional Negligence (25)

Legal Malpractice Other Professional Malpractice

(not medical or legal) Other Non-PI/PD/WD Tort (35)

**Employment** 

Wrongful Termination (36) Other Employment (15)

#### **CASE TYPES AND EXAMPLES**

#### Contract

Breach of Contract/Warranty (06)

Breach of Rental/Lease

Contract (not unlawful detainer or wrongful eviction)
Contract/Warranty Breach-Seller

Plaintiff (not fraud or negligence)
Negligent Breach of Contract/
Warranty
Other Breach of Contract/Warranty

Collections (e.g., money owed, open book accounts) (09)

Collection Case-Seller Plaintiff Other Promissory Note/Collections

Case Insurance Coverage (not provisionally

complex) (18) Auto Subrogation

Other Coverage

Other Contract (37) Contractual Fraud

Other Contract Dispute

**Real Property** 

Eminent Domain/Inverse

Condemnation (14)

Wrongful Eviction (33)

Other Real Property (e.g., quiet title) (26)

Writ of Possession of Real Property

Mortgage Foreclosure

Quiet Title

Other Real Property (not eminent

domain, landlord/tenant, or

foreclosure) **Unlawful Detainer** 

Commercial (31)

Residential (32)

Drugs (38) (if the case involves illegal drugs, check this item; otherwise,

report as Commercial or Residential)

**Judicial Review** 

Asset Forfeiture (05)

Petition Re: Arbitration Award (11)

Writ of Mandate (02)
Writ-Administrative Mandamus Writ-Mandamus on Limited Court

Case Matter

Writ-Other Limited Court Case

Review

Other Judicial Review (39)

Review of Health Officer Order Notice of Appeal-Labor

Commissioner Appeals

Provisionally Complex Civil Litigation (Cal. Rules of Court Rules 3.400-3.403)

CM-010

Antitrust/Trade Regulation (03) Construction Defect (10)

Claims Involving Mass Tort (40) Securities Litigation (28)

Environmental/Toxic Tort (30)

Insurance Coverage Claims

(arising from provisionally complex case type listed above) (41)

Enforcement of Judgment Enforcement of Judgment (20)

Abstract of Judgment (Out of County)

Confession of Judgment (nondomestic relations)

Sister State Judgment

Administrative Agency Award

(not unpaid taxes)

Petition/Certification of Entry of Judgment on Unpaid Taxes

Other Enforcement of Judgment Case

#### Miscellaneous Civil Complaint

RICO (27)

Other Complaint (not specified above) (42) Declaratory Relief Only Injunctive Relief Only (non-

harassment)

Mechanics Lien

Other Commercial Complaint

Case (non-tort/non-complex)
Other Civil Complaint
(non-tort/non-complex)

#### Miscellaneous Civil Petition

Partnership and Corporate Governance (21)

Other Petition (not specified above) (43)
Civil Harassment

Workplace Violence

Elder/Dependent Adult

Abuse Election Contest

Petition for Name Change

Petition for Relief From Late

Claim

Other Civil Petition